Condensed Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31, 2016

# **Management's Comments on the Unaudited Condensed Interim Financial Statements**

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements of Knol Resources Corp. (the "Corporation") as at and for the three months ended March 31, 2016 have been prepared by management and approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors of the Corporation. The Corporation's external auditors have not reviewed these financial statements.

# **Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position (unaudited)**

# In Canadian dollars

	March 31 2016	December 31 2015
	\$	\$
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 4)	4,578,909	4,628,415
Accounts receivable	12,414	13,726
Prepaid expenses	3,773	3,773
Total current assets	4,595,096	4,645,914
Restricted cash (note 4)	26,603	26,603
Total assets	4,621,699	4,672,517
Liabilities Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 9)	24,273	51,972
Liabilities associated with assets held for sale (note 5)	50,000	50,000
Asset retirement obligation (note 6)	43,850	43,850
Total liabilities	118,123	145,822
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital (note 7a)	75,191,873	75,191,873
Equity reserves (note 7b)	22,947,225	22,947,225
Deficit	(93,635,522)	(93,612,403)
Total shareholders' equity	4,503,576	4,526,695
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	4,621,699	4,672,517

**Basis of presentation** (note 3a)

On	behalf	of	the	<b>Board</b>	of	<b>Directors:</b>
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"Bryce Rhodes"	Director	"Daryl Clark"	Director

# Condensed Interim Statements of Net Loss and Comprehensive Loss (unaudited) In Canadian dollars

	Three Months Ended March 31	
	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Expenses		
General and administrative:		
Consulting fees (note 9)	34,360	41,580
Investor relations and exchange listing and filing fees	2,393	3,750
Office expenses	1,985	6,264
Legal and audit services	-	5,260
Insurance	-	2,795
Net loss before interest	(38,738)	(59,649)
Interest income	15,619	26,646
Net loss before income taxes	(23,119)	(33,003)
Income taxes	-	-
Net loss and comprehensive loss	(23,119)	(33,003)
Basic and diluted loss per share (note 7c)	(0.00)	(0.00)

Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (unaudited) In Canadian dollars

			Ed	quity Reserves		
		Expired	Outstanding	Equity		
	Common	Options and	Options and	Reserves		
	Shares	Warrants	Warrants	Subtotal	Deficit	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
January 1, 2015	75,191,873	22,509,921	437,304	22,947,225	(93,309,702)	4,829,396
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	(33,003)	(33,003)
March 31, 2015	75,191,873	22,509,921	437,304	22,947,225	(93,342,705)	4,796,393
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	(269,698)	(269,698)
December 31, 2015	75,191,873	22,509,921	437,304	22,947,225	(93,612,403)	4,526,695
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	(23,119)	(23,119)
March 31, 2016	75,191,873	22,509,921	437,304	22,947,225	(93,635,522)	4,503,576

**Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)** 

# In Canadian dollars

	Three Months Ended March 31	
	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents (used in) provided by:		
Operating activities		
Net loss for the period	(23,119)	(33,003)
Less:		
Interest income	(15,619)	(26,646)
Add back (less) changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable and prepaid expenses	1,312	(6,743)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(27,699)	228
Total cash and cash equivalents used in operating activities	(65,125)	(66,164)
Investing activities		
Interest received	15,619	26,646
Total cash and cash equivalents provided by investing activities	15,619	26,646
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(49,506)	(39,518)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of the period	4,628,415	5,053,231
Cash and cash equivalents end of the period	4,578,909	5,013,713

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Knol Resources Corp. (the "Corporation") seeks opportunities to acquire or participate in the exploration and development of petroleum and natural gas ("P&NG") assets in Western Canada. As of the date these consolidated financial statements were authorized by the Corporation's Board of Directors, the Corporation has no significant operating assets.

The Corporation is incorporated in Alberta, Canada, and its principal place of business is Suite 1703, Three Bentall Centre, 595 Burrard Street, Vancouver, BC, V7X 1J1.

The Corporation's common shares trade on the NEX board of the TSX-Venture Exchange under the symbol "NOL.H".

# 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These condensed interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), including Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). These condensed interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Corporation's audited annual consolidated statements as at for the year ended December 31, 2015.

These condensed interim financial statements were approved by the Corporation's Board of Directors on May 18, 2016.

# 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# a) Basis of presentation

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the assets and related liabilities classified as held for sale, which are measured at fair value, and financial instruments which are described in Note 3c of its audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the functional currency of the Corporation and all consolidated subsidiaries.

# b) Significant accounting policies

Except for changes to accounting policies resulting from new or amended IFRS pronouncements, these condensed interim financial statements have been prepared using the same accounting policies and are subject to the same estimates, judgments and measurement uncertainties as those described in Note 3 of its audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015. New accounting policies adopted as a result of new or amended IFRS pronouncements did not result in significant changes to the measurement or presentation of comparative information in these condensed interim financial statements compared with their disclosure in prior periods.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

# 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# c) New and amended IFRS adopted by the Corporation

The Corporation has applied the following new IFRS amendment starting January 1, 2016:

IFRS 5, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

IFRS 5 has been amended to include specific guidance for cases in which an entity reclassifies an asset from held for sale to held for distribution or vice versa and cases in which held-for-distribution accounting is discontinued.

# m) Future changes in accounting standards

The following are new and revised accounting pronouncements that have been issued, but are not yet effective for the year beginning January 1, 2016:

#### i. IFRS 9. Financial Instruments

The IASB intends to replace IAS 39 – "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" in its entirety with IFRS 9 in three main phases. IFRS 9 will be the new standard for the financial reporting of financial instruments that is principles-based and less complex than IAS 39. IFRS 9 requires that all financial assets be classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost or at fair value based on the Company's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Financial liabilities are classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost except for financial liabilities classified as at fair value through profit or loss, financial guarantees and certain other exceptions. IFRS 9 can currently be adopted voluntarily, but is mandatory for years beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

# ii. IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers

In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15") which supersedes IAS 11 – Construction Contracts, IAS 18 – Revenue, IFRIC 13 – Customer Loyalty Programmes, IFRIC 15 – Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18 – Transfers of Assets from Customers, and SIC 31 – Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services. IFRS 15 establishes a single five-step model framework for determining the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from a contract with a customer. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, following a one-year extension granted in September 2015, with early adoption permitted.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

# 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

iii. IFRS 16, Leases

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16 – Leases ("IFRS 16") which eliminates the classification of leases as either operating or financing leases for a lessee. Under IFRS 16, unless their durations are for 12 or fewer months or are for low-value assets, all leases will be deemed finance leases, resulting in leased assets and lease liabilities being included on the statement of financial position. Expenses will be recognized through the amortization of leased assets rather than through lease payments. IFRS is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019; early adoption is permitted if IFRS 15 is also applied.

Management has determined that the application of these pronouncements is not expected to have a significant impact on the Corporation's financial statements.

# 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH

As at March 31, 2016, the Corporation held cash in an operating account with a Schedule 1 Chartered Canadian bank and cash equivalents in the form of a term deposit with another Canadian financial institution with an R-1(low) credit rating from DBRS. The term deposit can be withdrawn on demand and earns a rate of 1.40% as at March 31, 2015 (December 31, 2015 – 1.40%). A breakdown of the Corporation's cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Cash	58,411	123,536
Cash equivalents	4,520,498	4,504,879
Total	4,578,909	4,628,415

Interest earned on the Corporation's cash and cash equivalents for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was \$15,616 (2015 - \$26,646).

As a March 31, 2016, the Corporation held \$26,603 (December 31, 2015 - \$26,603) in cash restricted by a government authority that will be returned after certain environmental reclamation has been conducted and approved.

# 5. LIABILITIES CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

The Corporation has two oil and gas interests, which it is actively seeking to sell. The carrying value of these assets has been written-off to \$nil for all periods presented, and the carrying value of related liabilities as at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 is \$50,000, reflecting management's estimate for the costs of disposal.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

#### 6. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION

The Corporation is operator of one gas well which was abandoned in the year ended December 31, 2015. In addition to the well abandonment, the Corporation is also responsible for surface reclamation and recognizes an asset retirement obligation for this work.

Changes to the Corporation's asset retirement obligation are as follows:

	Carrying
	Amount
	<b>\$</b>
January 1, 2015	200,000
Change in cost estimates	60,563
Costs incurred for reclamation work performed	(216,713)
December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016	43,850

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Corporation engaged contractors to abandon the well and to conduct preliminary ("Phase 1") assessments at the well site. As a result of this work, the Corporation recognized \$60,563 in additional reclamation expenses for changes in the estimated scope of work required, and total billings to the Corporation was \$216,713.

Costs for the Corporation's remaining liability are expected to be incurred in 2016. Their accrual reflects the Corporation's best estimates for the scope of work required and costs thereof, based on discussions with potential third-party service providers. Actual costs to be incurred are contingent on many factors including the success rates for vegetation growth, approval of completed work by regulators and specific-site conditions. Should the expected scope of work change or should actual costs differ from those estimated, additional reclamation expenses may be incurred or a reversal of current expenses may be reported in future periods. Owing to the short timeline for the expected cash outflows, there is no inflationary adjustment to or discounting of expected reclamation expenditures.

# 7. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

# a) Share capital – common and preferred shares

The Corporation's share capital as at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 comprises the following

Class	Number of Common Shares Issued and Outstanding	Assigned Value
		\$
Common shares, no par value (unlimited authorized)	55,696,470	75,191,873
Preferred shares, no par value (unlimited authorized)	-	_

There have been no changes to the Corporation's share capital in the three months ended March 31, 2016 or the year ended December 31, 2015.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

# 7. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (continued)

# b) Equity reserves - stock options and warrants

# i. Stock options

Pursuant to the Corporation's stock option plan, the aggregate number of shares that may be reserved for issuance under the plan shall not exceed 10% of the Corporation's issued and outstanding common shares. The number of options granted, as well as their vesting terms, contractual lives and exercise prices are at the discretion of the Board of Directors, provided that the exercise price is not less than the market price of the common shares on the grant date.

Changes to stock options outstanding are as follows:

	Number of	Weighted Average Exercise
	Options	Price \$
Outstanding, January 1, 2015	1,575,000	0.10
Options cancelled	(75,000)	0.10
Outstanding, December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016	1,500,000	0.10

Stock options outstanding and exercisable as at March 31, 2016 are summarized as follows:

		Weighted	
	Number of	Average	Number of
	Options	Remaining	Exercisable
Exercise price	Outstanding	Contractual Life	<b>Options</b>
\$		Years	
0.10	1,500,000	3.1	1,500,000

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

# 7. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (continued)

#### ii. Warrants

The Corporation may issue warrants as a premium to participants in placements of its common shares or as compensation to those who facilitate such placements or who provide services to the Corporation.

Warrants outstanding and exercisable as at March 31, 2016 are summarized as follows:

		Weighted
	Number of	Average
	Warrants	Remaining
Exercise price	Outstanding	<b>Contractual Life</b>
\$		Years
0.10	2,570,600	$0.1^{1}$
0.20	50,000,000	$3.0^{2}$
	52,570,600	2.9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Subsequent to March 31, 2016, these warrants expired, unexercised.

There have been no changes to warrants outstanding in the three months ended March 31, 2016 or the year ended December 31, 2015.

# c) Per share amounts

Basic and diluted loss per share are calculated as follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31</b>	
\$ - unless otherwise stated	2016	2015
Numerator		
Net loss and comprehensive loss	(23,119)	(33,003)
Denominator		
Basic and diluted weighted average number of		
shares outstanding	55,696,470	55,696,470
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.00)	(0.00)

The calculation of diluted loss per share excludes the impact from the potential exercise of stock options and warrants as their inclusion is anti-dilutive in periods in which a net loss is incurred.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> If the market closing price and the volume-weighted average price of the Corporation's shares are both greater than \$0.40 for a period of 10 consecutive trading days, the Corporation may, at its sole discretion, issue notice of an accelerated expiration of these warrants upon which they will expire 30 days following the issuance of such notice.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

#### 8. COMMITMENTS & CONTINGENCIES

Under the terms of certain agreements and the by-laws of the Corporation, the Corporation indemnifies individuals who have acted at the request of the Corporation to be a director and/or officer to the extent permitted by law, against any and all damages, liabilities, costs, charges or expenses suffered by or incurred by the individuals as a result of their service. As at or subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the Corporation is unaware of any claims or actions that would materially affect its reported financial position or results from operations.

# 9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Consulting fees for the three months ended March 31, 2016 the Corporation includes \$7,500 (2015 - \$7,500) for consulting services provided by Michael Atkinson, the Corporation's President and Chief Executive Officer. The fees were incurred for management and business development services provided in the normal course of business, and have been measured at an exchange amount.

Consulting fees for the three months ended March 31, 2016, includes \$18,000 (2015 - \$18,000) for consulting services performed by Earlston Management Corp. ("Earlston"), an entity related by virtue of providing key management services to the Corporation. As at March 31, 2016, \$6,000 (December 31, 2015 - \$6,000) is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

# 10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### Fair value of financial instruments

The Corporation's financial instruments as at March 31, 2016 consist of cash, accounts receivable, restricted cash, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Due to the short term nature of these instruments, their carrying values approximate their fair values. The fair values of financial instruments are allocated between three levels of a fair value hierarchy, based on the degree of certainty around the fair values. The levels and the valuation techniques used to value financial instruments are as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Significant other observable inputs

Quoted prices in markets that are not active, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 - Significant unobservable inputs

Significant reliance is placed on unobservable prices, supported by little or no market activity.

As at March 31, 2016, cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash held by the Corporation were considered to be Level 1 financial instruments.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

#### **Classification of financial instruments**

All financial assets (except for cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash which are classified as fair value through profit and loss) are classified as loans and receivables and are accounted for on an amortized cost basis. All financial liabilities are classified as other liabilities. There are no financial assets on the consolidated statement of financial position that have been designated as available-for-sale. There have been no changes to the aforementioned classifications during the three months ended March 31, 2016.

# Financial instrument risk management

The nature of the Corporation's financial instruments and its operations expose the Corporation to market risks and credit risks. The Corporation manages its exposure to these risks by operating in a manner that minimizes this exposure. While management monitors and administers these risks, the Board of Directors of the Corporation has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Corporation's risk management framework.

# a) Market risks

Market risks include unfavorable movements in commodity prices, interest rates, and foreign exchange rates. As at March 31, 2016, the Corporation held no producing assets, held the majority of its net assets in cash, did not have any interest-bearing liabilities and has no commercial operations. Consequently, the Corporation has no significant exposure to market risks.

# b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of default on payment by counterparties to financial assets held by the Corporation. Virtually all of the Corporation's accounts receivables are concentrated with a limited number of customers and joint venture partners in the oil and gas industry. Management considers this concentration of credit risk to be acceptable, as customers are major industry participants, and receivables from partners are protected by effective industry standard legal remedies. The Corporation requires cash calls from its partners on major field projects in advance of commencement.

Accounts receivable as at March 31, 2016 was \$12,414. The maximum exposure to credit risk is therefore represented by the carrying amount of accounts receivable on the consolidated statement of financial position. In the immediate future, it is not expected that the Corporation's exposure to credit risk will be significant.

# c) Concentration risk

Concentration risk is the risk that a significant proportion of the Corporation's cash is held with one financial institution, exposing the Corporation to the risk that this institution may not have the liquidity to honour withdrawals or redemptions of the Corporation's funds. As at March 31, 2016, the largest balance of cash and cash equivalents held with any single institution was \$4,520,498. Although the Corporation ensures the credit ratings of the financial institutions it deals with are high, the Corporation may seek to diversify holdings in the future.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (unaudited) For the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

#### 11. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Corporation's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. The Corporation defines capital as shareholders' equity and working capital. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management.

As at March 31, 2016, the Corporation's focus is to preserve the base of its cash available for redeployment in producing assets. There have been no changes in the Corporation's capital management strategies and processes during the three months ended March 31, 2016.

The Corporation has no externally imposed capital requirements and there are no external financial covenants to which the Corporation must adhere.

# **Background**

This Management Discussion and Analysis – Quarterly Highlights ("Quarterly Highlights") of financial position and results of operation for Knol Resources Corp. (the "Corporation" or "Knol") is prepared as at May 18, 2016. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Corporation's unaudited condensed interim financial statements as at and for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and with the Corporation's audited financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Except as otherwise disclosed, all dollar figures included in the audited consolidated financial statements and in the following MD&A are quoted in Canadian dollars, and have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. Additional information relevant to the Corporation's activities can be found on SEDAR at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.

# **Forward-Looking Statements**

Certain statements contained in the following Quarterly Highlights constitute forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements may include, but are not limited to Corporation's expected future financial position, financial and operational results, the execution of the Company's business strategy, access to capital, and the outcomes of uncertain events. When used in these Quarterly Highlights, words such as "believe," "anticipate," "project," "intend," "expect," "may," "will," "plan," "attempts," "seeks," and similar expressions are intended to identify these forward-looking statements.

Significant forward-looking statements made in these Quarterly Highlights include, but are not limited to expectations for the timing, nature and structure of new operating activities; expected payments required for environmental reclamation; and expected payments paid or received on the disposition of assets and liabilities held for sale.

The Corporation's actual results are dependent on factors such as the availability of oil and gas assets or investment opportunities on terms acceptable to the Corporation and general financing market conditions. As such, actual performance or achievements could differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by these forward-looking statements, and accordingly, no assurance can be given that any events, situations or outcomes indicated in these forward-looking statements will transpire or what benefits or liabilities to the Corporation will arise from these outcomes. Accordingly, readers of these Quarterly Highlights are cautioned against placing undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

# **Analysis of the Corporation's Financial Performance and Condition**

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Corporation continued to operate with a minimum level of overhead, incurring costs primarily for management and administration, maintaining its stock exchange listing and land consultants required for its remaining well interests. The Corporation paid certain invoices that were outstanding as at December 31, 2015, related to well abandonment and reclamation work conducted in the second half of 2015, but no further work was conducted in the three months ended March 31, 2016. As a result, cash outflows for this period were greater than the Corporation's net loss.

The Corporation reported a net loss of \$23,119 (\$0.00 per share) for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to a net loss of \$33,003 (\$0.00 per share) for the same period in 2015. This decrease was largely the result of legal fees incurred in the three months ended March 31, 2015 related to a lawsuit initiated by the Corporation, which was settled later in 2015 and, as a result, no such fees were incurred in the three months ended March 31, 2016. Additionally, the Corporation had lower consulting fees in the three months ended March 31, 2016 resulting from a reversal of an over accrual of such fees in

a prior period, and lower office expenses resulting from the cancellation of certain computer services in the second half of 2015.

Partially offsetting these cost decreases, interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was \$11,027 lower than for the same period in 2015. This decrease is largely a result of decreases in market rates of interest, which are reflected in the rate of return for term deposits held by the Company.

Other expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2016 were generally consistent with those incurred for the same period in 2015.

As at March 31, 2016, the Corporation had cash and cash equivalents of \$4,578,909, a decrease of \$49,506 from December 31, 2015. The decrease is partially related to expenditures for on-going operations during the period, but also relates to the payment for environmental reclamation services that were accrued as at December 31, 2015. Following this payment, the Corporation's accounts payable and accrued liabilities as at March 31, 2016 were \$24,273 (December 31, 2015 - \$51,972), which primarily relates to an accrual for the Corporation's year-end audit.

# **Related Party Transactions**

Consulting fees for the three months ended March 31, 2016 the Corporation includes \$7,500 (2015 - \$7,500) for consulting services provided by Michael Atkinson, the Corporation's President and Chief Executive Officer. The fees were incurred for management and business development services provided in the normal course of business, and have been measured at an exchange amount.

Consulting fees for the three months ended March 31, 2016, includes \$18,000 (2015 - \$18,000) for consulting services performed by Earlston Management Corp. ("Earlston"), an entity related by virtue of providing key management services to the Corporation. As at March 31, 2016, \$6,000 (December 31, 2015 - \$6,000) is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.